Dear Yalcin Yusufoglu,

My name is Seonaid Cooke and I work with Helga Scheller in the research department of Amnesty International (AI). I have been monitoring the work done by AI groups for defendants in TSIP trials in Ankara and Istanbul.

Today I received a copy of your letter of 28 July to an AI group in the FRG working on behalf of Yelda Cengiz. I was interested to read that one of her co-defendants had recently arrived in the FRG. I would be grateful if you could let me know if his name appears on the following list: (all these people have been adopted by AI as prisoners of conscience)


**Istanbul** - Ali Akturk, Cagatay Anadol, Nurettin Bayram, Orhan Cengiz, Yelda Cengiz, Mustafa Duru, Bahri Gedik, Vali Gurcan, Hasan Guzel, Ahmet Meleko, Turan Yilmaz

I would very much appreciate it if you could let me know in future if any of those named above go into exile, so that their case file can be closed.

Yours sincerely,

Seonaid Cooke (Ms)
Europe Research Department
Avrupa Konseyi Parlament Asamblesi'nin Raporu:
(Opinion on the situation in Turkey/ presented by the Legal Affairs Committee/
Rapporteur: Mr. Stoffelen/ 9 Nisan 1986)

Raporun ilgili bölümündeki

4. Amnesty for those prosecuted or convicted for their opinions bölümündeki

- **Trials against the TSIP (the Socialist Workers' Party of Turkey)**

**Trial I**

Leaders sentenced to 10 and 15 years imprisonment in June/ July 1985.

**Trial II**

Other leaders and some leaders of a socialist youth organisation are being tried since the beginning of 1985. Seven out of seventeen persons have been detained since the beginning of 1984.

**Trial III**

Fifteen of the most famous leaders of TSIP are being tried since 8 October 1985. All are in detention since August 1985.

**Trial IV**

Concerns 47 persons, most of them teachers accused of membership of an illegal organisation (TSIP). Twenty-seven of them are detained since 26 July 1985.

**Trial V**

Fourteen of the accused are detained.

It remains a tremendous problem that many activities and expressions of thought, opinion and religion, which are completely free in the other 20 countries of the Council of Europe, are serious crimes in Turkey.

Aynı bölümün girişinde "political prisoners" tanıımı

a. If we speak about "political prisoners" we mean those, who are in detention or imprisonment for no other "crime" than the fact that they expressed a political opinion or a religious belief. We do not speak therefore about people who committed violent crimes or other ordinary crimes, nor do we speak about people who tried to overthrow the constitutional form of government by force.

Raporun tam metnini daha önce iletmiştim.